Name: _____ Date: _____

Greek and Latin Roots

Grade 5 | Using common Greek and Latin roots to work out the meanings of words

A root is the main part of a word. Many English roots come from Greek or Latin. Think about what the two example words have in common, then write the meaning of the root.

1. In erupt and interrupt, the root rupt means (break / grow / hold).

   Answer: _____

2. In predict and dictionary, the root dict means (see / carry / say).

   Answer: _____

3. In telephone and telescope, the root tele means (small / far / sound).

   Answer: _____

4. In photograph and photosynthesis, the root photo means (light / heat / air).

   Answer: _____

5. In microphone and phonics, the root phon means (light / water / sound).

   Answer: _____

6. In inspect and spectator, the root spect means (push / look / speak).

   Answer: _____

7. In geography and geology, the root geo means (earth / sky / sea).

   Answer: _____

8. In transport and portable, the root port means (see / carry / write).

   Answer: _____

9. In chronological and chronicle, the root chron means (color / shape / time).

   Answer: _____

10. In audience and audio, the root aud means (hear / walk / count).

    Answer: _____

11. In biology and biography, the root bio means (earth / time / life).

    Answer: _____

12. In autograph and paragraph, the root graph means (hear / write / build).

    Answer: _____

13. In tractor and subtract, the root tract means (pull / jump / write).

    Answer: _____

14. In construct and structure, the root struct means (throw / build / cut).

    Answer: _____