# Greek and Latin Roots - ANSWER KEY

Grade 5 | Using common Greek and Latin roots to work out the meanings of words

*A root is the main part of a word. Many English roots come from Greek or Latin. Think about what the two example words have in common, then write the meaning of the root.*

1. In erupt and interrupt, the root rupt means (break / grow / hold).
   Answer: **break**
2. In predict and dictionary, the root dict means (see / carry / say).
   Answer: **say**
3. In telephone and telescope, the root tele means (small / far / sound).
   Answer: **far**
4. In photograph and photosynthesis, the root photo means (light / heat / air).
   Answer: **light**
5. In microphone and phonics, the root phon means (light / water / sound).
   Answer: **sound**
6. In inspect and spectator, the root spect means (push / look / speak).
   Answer: **look**
7. In geography and geology, the root geo means (earth / sky / sea).
   Answer: **earth**
8. In transport and portable, the root port means (see / carry / write).
   Answer: **carry**
9. In chronological and chronicle, the root chron means (color / shape / time).
   Answer: **time**
10. In audience and audio, the root aud means (hear / walk / count).
    Answer: **hear**
11. In biology and biography, the root bio means (earth / time / life).
    Answer: **life**
12. In autograph and paragraph, the root graph means (hear / write / build).
    Answer: **write**
13. In tractor and subtract, the root tract means (pull / jump / write).
    Answer: **pull**
14. In construct and structure, the root struct means (throw / build / cut).
    Answer: **build**